

Shri Sant Gajanan Maharaj College of Engineering

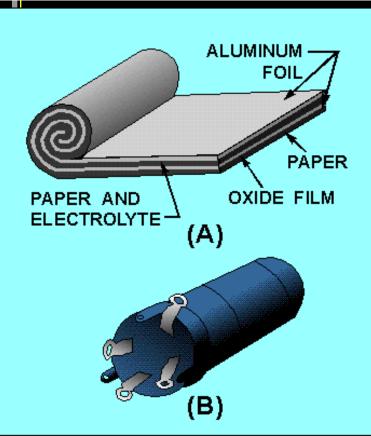
Department of Electronics & Telecommunications Engineering

Electronic Devices & Components Unit – I Resistors and Capacitors

Fixed Capacitors: Manufacturing Processes

Paper Capacitor



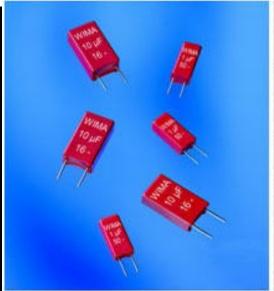


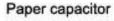














Oil-Impregnated paper capacitor

Characteristics of Paper Capacitor

Capacitance Range: 1000 pF to 500 μF

Temperature Coefiicient: ± 200 ppm / °C

Frequency Range: 1 kHz to 100 MHz

Voltage Range: 600 V

• Temperature Range: -55 / °C to +125 °C

Applications of of Paper Capacitor

Mains Surge Protection

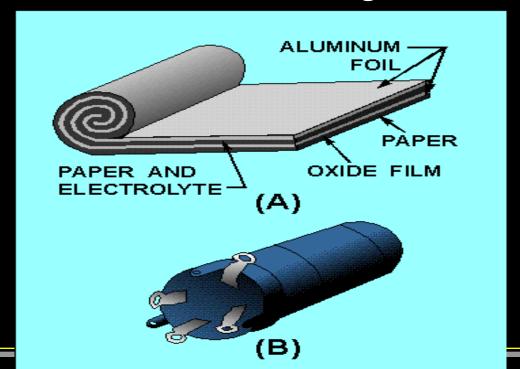
Starting electric motors

Manufacturing Process of Aluminum Foil Paper Capacitor

- Step -1 Dielectric Preparation: Kraft paper is used as dielectric which has thickness 7.5 µm to 25 µm. The paper is dipped in castor oil or mineral, wax and petroleum compounds. It is then dried.
- Step 2 Cutting of Paper: The Kraft papers are cut in to long strips. The breadth of paper is kept in range of few millimetre to 4 cm

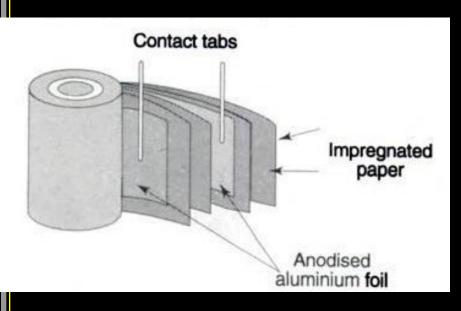
Manufacturing Process of Aluminum Foil Paper Capacitor

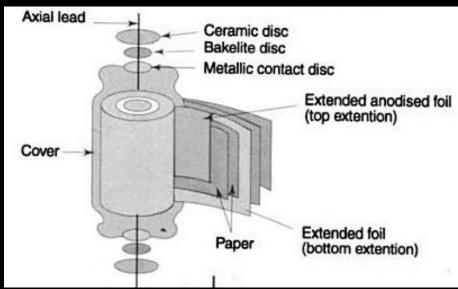
 Step -3 Preparing Roll: Two aluminum foils are cut of same length and breadth of as that of oil coated Kraft paper. Three layers of oil coated Kraft paper are placed between two aluminum foils and rolled together



Manufacturing Process of Aluminum Foil Paper Capacitor

 Step -4 Connecting leads and Encapsulation: Contact leads are soldered to aluminum foils. The capacitor is encapsulated with plastic case or metal case





Radial Lead Paper Capacitor Axial Lead Paper Capacito

Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor CGS453U020U5L3PH 45000MFD 20VDC POS + 85C MAX SURGE 25VDC 10069-06 235-8331K 220µF 200 V 220µF 200 V 22MFD160v SPRAGUE 3300_{µF}10_V 3300 6-33- 16-33-

Characteristics of Electrolytic Capacitor

Capacitance Range: 1 μF to 1000 μF

Temperature Coefficient: ± 200 ppm / °C

Frequency Range: 1 Hz to 10 kHz

Voltage Range: 35 to 75 V

• Temperature Range: -55 / °C to +175 °C

Applications of of Electrolytic Capacitor

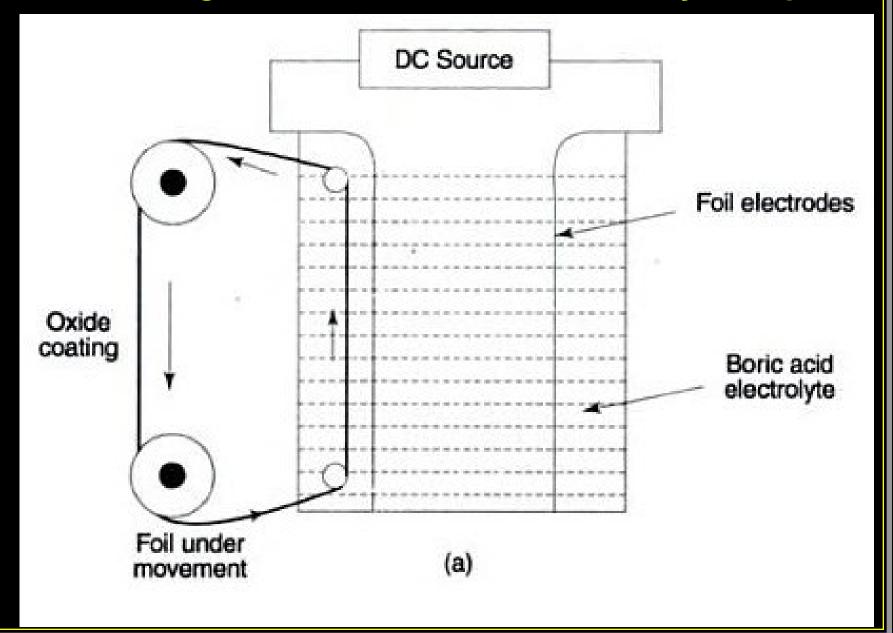
As bypass capacitors in amplifiers to increase gain

 As filter capacitor to smoothen ripples so that constant DC voltage is obtained

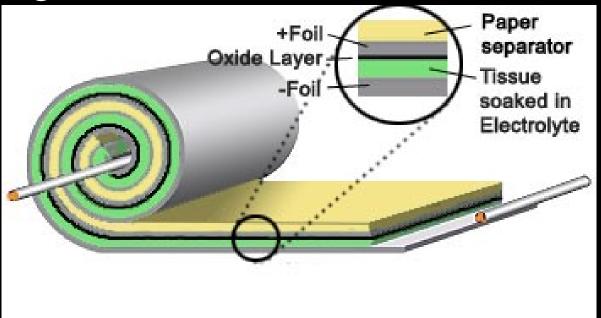
Timing circuits such as square wave generators

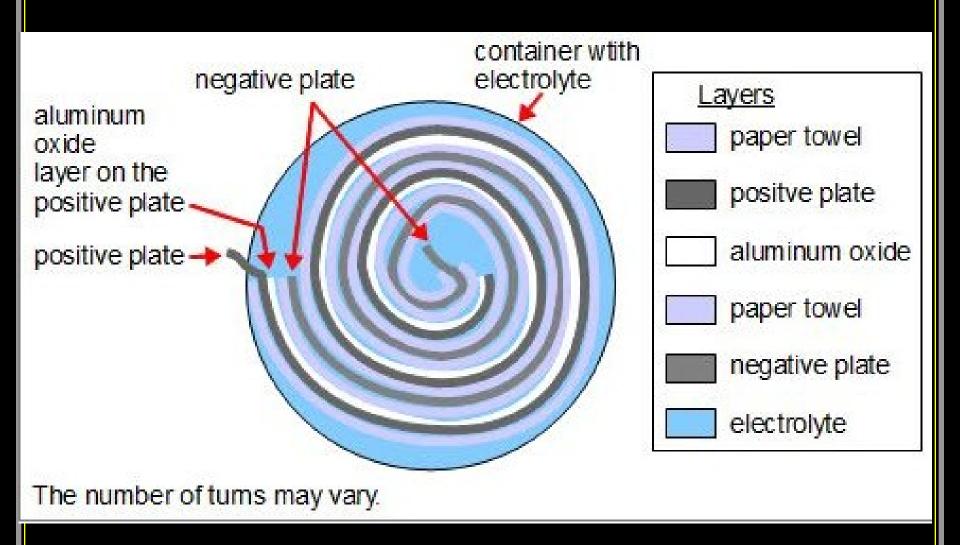
 Coupling capacitors in amplifiers to pass AC and block DC

- Step -1 Preparation of electrolyte: Electrolyte
 made up of water, boric acid, glycol and
 ammonium metaborate is put in glass container.
 Two aluminum foil electrodes are dipped in it.
 The electrodes are made to revolve slowly
 through motors
- Step 2 :Electroplating Process: DC Voltage slightly greater than desired rated voltage (3.3 V to 600 V DC) is applied to electrodes. Oxygen ions are released and they deposit extra electrons on anode and also form aluminum oxide layer. Aluminum oxide is a dielectric.

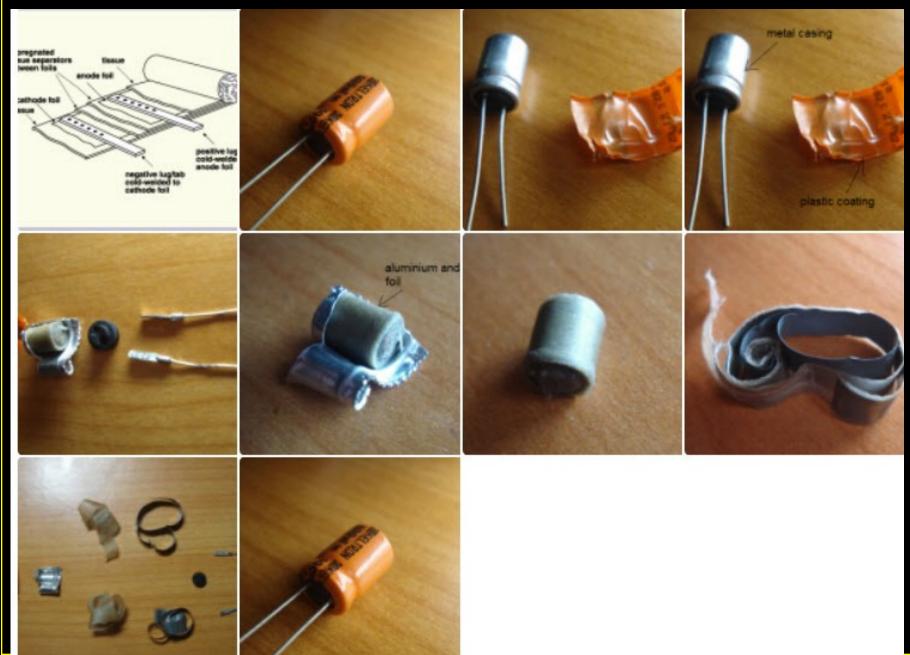


 Step -3 Preparation of Roll: One oxidized aluminum foil and one un-oxidized aluminum foil are taken. Two layers of Kraft paper are sandwiched between aluminum foils and rolled together









 Step -4 Encapsulation and Labeling: The assembly is housed in aluminum tubes.
 Capacitance value, Voltage rating and polarity of terminals are labeled







